

Source :

The Nation

Date : 30 APR 2018

Page :

20

No :

61138256

New sugarcane plants frozen until 2020

VIET NAM NEWS
ASIA NEWS NETWORK
HANOI 20

A PLAN TO freeze the building of new sugarcane plants until 2020 has the go-ahead after Vietnam's Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development agreed with its aim to promote the industry's competitiveness and sustainable development.

The plan governs the sugar industry's development until 2020 with a vision to 2030. It aims to promote the industry's competitiveness and sustainable development while meeting domestic consumption demand and gradually moving towards exports. The country now produces more sugarcane than consumers are willing to buy; the plan aims to reduce supply until demand can catch up.

The domestic sugarcane industry has struggled to sell the 2017-18 crop, the *Lao Dong* (Labour) newspaper cited the Vietnam Sugarcane and Sugar Association as saying.

As of March 15, sugar mills nationwide had produced more than 750,000 tonnes of sugar. However, over 70 per cent of production, or 530,000 tonnes, sat in inventory during the period - meaning no-one wanted to buy it and the product will likely go to waste.

The same situation was seen at sugar trading companies, with more than 14,000 tonnes of stockpiled sugar, the newspaper reported.

According to the development plan, Vietnam will only expand the capacity of operating plants in the areas where it will be able to further develop sugarcane farming. The total designed capacity of these factories will be 174,000 tonnes of sugarcane each day.

The plan also gives priority to investing in equipment and technology reforms in order to increase the rates of white and refined sugar.

From now to 2020, the country's sugarcane growing area will be maintained at 300,000 hectares, while its sugarcane production will be ensured at more than 20 million tonnes and sugar output at 2 million tonnes, including 1.3 million tonnes of refined sugar.

The plan targets that by 2020, at least 70 per cent of factories and factory clusters will be able to process over 4,000 tonnes of sugarcane per day. About 5.5 million tonnes or 90 per cent of bagasse (the dry pulpy residue) will be used as fuel to produce 1.1 million kWh of electricity every year.

By 2030, sugarcane and sugar output will be respectively increased to 24 million tonnes and 2.5 million tonnes. More than 90 per cent of factories will process at least 4,000 tonnes of sugarcane each day.

The industry is expected to recycle seven million tonnes or 91 per cent of bagasse annually to produce 1.5 to 1.6 billion kWh of electricity.